Chapter 8

Concluding Remarks

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Two Strategies: Inclusion and Exclusion

We will distinguish between people and groups that are included into the categories of the social system. One group that is included is socially privileged, which means that the group or people are higher up in the social system and have access to more resources, opportunities, and power. The other group is socially excluded, which means that the group or people are lower down in the social system and have less access to resources, opportunities, and power.

Inclusion refers to the process of including people or groups into the social system. This can happen through various mechanisms, such as education, employment, and social networks. On the other hand, exclusion refers to the process of excluding people or groups from the social system. This can happen through various mechanisms, such as discrimination, poverty, and lack of access to resources.

The goal of inclusion is to ensure that everyone has equal opportunities to participate in society and contribute to its development. The goal of exclusion is to prevent certain groups from participating in society and contributing to its development. The consequences of exclusion can be severe, as it can lead to poverty, inequality, and social unrest.
people can be armed with weapons, not for things to be carried

2. When people can be armed with weapons, things can not be

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People can not be armed with weapons, not for things to be carried.
The proposed procedure of filtering functions into relevant and
irrelevant categories can be summarized in the following way:

1. Identify the functions that are relevant to the project goals.
2. Filter out the irrelevant functions.
3. Prioritize the relevant functions based on importance.
4. Implement the prioritized functions into the project.

By following this procedure, project managers can ensure that the functions selected are aligned with the overall project goals and objectives.

Example: If a project is focused on developing a new software application, the relevant functions might include user interface design, coding, testing, and deployment. Irrelevant functions might include marketing and sales activities, which are not directly related to the development process.

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Notes

Acknowledgements

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References


